

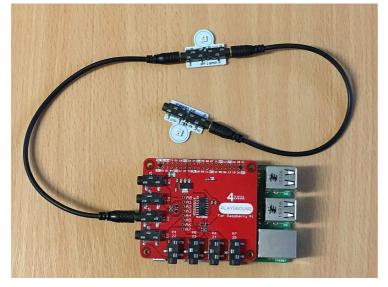
Using the Flame Gizmo with Playground for Raspberry Pi

Requirements:

- Playground for Raspberry Pi
- 2 x Flame Gizmos
- 2 x Connection cable
- Installed playground libraries with neopixel support (see below)

Connections:

- 1. Plug connection cable from **Port 2** on Playground to Input on 1st Gizmo
- 2. Plug another cable from Output of 1^{st} Gizmo into Input on 2^{nd} Gizmo



Installing Playground Software with NeoPixel Support:

From the command line (eg. using LXTerminal) after the \$ type:

\$ wget www.4tronix.co.uk/playground/pg.sh -O pg.sh

\$ bash pg.sh

Once these commands have finished processing, you can enter the playground folder using: \$cd playground

Python Example Software:

The example software below, simply flashes the 2 LEDs alternately between Red and Green

- We need to include the playground library file to handle the pixels
- Then we initialise the pixel data with 2 pixels (we are using 2 Flames each with a single pixel)
- Then we set pixel 0 to Red and pixel 1 to Green
- Wait a bit, then swap over the colours
- Wait a bit then repeat. Finish by typing Ctrl-C



import playground as gp from time import sleep

```
gp.init(2)
while True:
    gp.setPixel(0, 255, 0, 0)
    gp.setPixel(1, 0, 255, 0)
    sleep(0.5)
    gp.setPixel(0, 0, 255, 0)
    gp.setPixel(1, 255, 0, 0)
    sleep(0.5)
```

Other commands we could use: gp.init(2, Brightness=100). The default brightness is 70. It can go up to 255 gp.clear(). Clears all the pixels in the chain gp.setAll(r, g, b). Sets all the pixels to the same colour gp.update(). Updates all pixels with latest data set

The commands for setting pixels, all take a default update of True. If you include "Update=False" as an argument, then the data will be updated as requested, but it won't show on the pixels. This is useful if you want to make a number of changes then show them all at once. It makes for a cleaner, snappier update process. For example, we could change the demo program as follows:

import playground as gp from time import sleep

```
gp.init(2)
while True:
  gp.setPixel(0, 255, 0, 0, Update=False)
  gp.setPixel(1, 0, 255, 0, Update=False)
  gp.Update()
  sleep(0.5)
  gp.setPixel(0, 0, 255, 0, Update=False)
  gp.Update()
  sleep(0.5)
```